











### Table of Contents

Classification	. 2
Eligible Athlete	. 2
Physical disability	
Visual Impairment	
Intellectual Disability	
Sorter	
Classification or Evaluation Process:	
Sport Class Status:	
Classification systems:	5
Categories	
Sports Classes	
Competition Styles:	







## **Classification**

The classification is responsible for dividing/ordering the competitors equally according to their physical, intellectual or visual disability so that they can compete on equal terms. All athletes who want to compete must be evaluated and classified beforehand.

"Grouping together what is similar and separating what is different" Carpenter 1847.

## Eligible Athlete

In order for an athlete to be eligible to compete in kickboxing, they must have one of these types of disabilities:

- Physics
- Visual
- Intellectual

#### **Physical disability**

People with physical disabilities are those who have a significant absence or decrease in the ability to move one or more parts of the body (Tweedy, 2009; CPI 2015b). Eligible physical impairments are:

Deficiency in muscle power:
 Athletes with muscle power deficiency have a medical problem that reduces or eliminates their ability to voluntarily contract their muscles in order to move them or generate force.







- Passive range of motion deficiency:
   Athletes who have a passive range of motion deficiency have a limitation or lack of passive movement in one or more joints.
- Limb deficiency:
   Athletes with a limb deficiency have a total or partial absence of bones or joints.
- Leg length deficiency:
   Athletes with leg length differences are those who have leg length differences in the lower extremities.
- Short:
   Athletes with short stature have reduced length in the bones of the upper extremities, lower extremities and/or trunk.
- Hypertonia:
   Athletes with hypertonia have increased muscle tension and a reduced ability to stretch a muscle due to an injury to the central nervous system.
- Ataxia:
   Athletes with ataxia have disordered movements resulting from damage to the central nervous system.
- Athetosis: Athletes with athetosis have slow and continuous involuntary movements.







#### **Visual Impairment**

This is the total or partial decrease in eyesight.

- Visual impairment: they retain traces of vision or visual remains.
- Blindness: They have slight light perception of light or total loss of vision.

#### **Intellectual Disability**

The American Association on Intellectual or Developmental Disabilities (AAIDD) defines the term as "an individual condition characterized by significant limitations in intellectual functioning and adaptive behavior, and by being characterized before the age of 18."

"This definition translates into a person with an intellectual disability being one who has below-average intellectual functioning and significant limitations in areas of life such as language, mobility, learning, self-care, social relationships, and independent living. This disability must originate before the age of 18." Full inclusion.

### Sorter

Person or persons (health professionals, coaches, etc.) who carry out the evaluation of the athlete in order to be classified.

## Classification or evaluation process

- Physical or intellectual evaluation: The athlete must present the necessary documents to evidence their deficiency or disability (carried out by health professionals, doctor, physiotherapist, psychologist...).
- Technical evaluation: The athletes ability to perform after the competition is evaluated and if the classifier deems it necessary, it may be modified or re-







- evaluated and if it is due, the sports class will be assigned to the technical movements (carried out by accredited coaches).
- Competition evaluation: The athlete will be allowed to compete in the sport class assigned in the first instance.

## **Sport Class Status**

It is the category that is assigned to an athlete, this can be:

- New (N)
  - It is assigned to athletes in the registration phase or in the evaluation period. The athlete has not yet passed the full evaluation process. The athlete must obtain this evaluation before competing at the national, provincial, interclub or open levels.
- Confirmed (C)
  - When the evaluation has been completed, you have been assigned to a sport class and both the impairment and your ability to perform the specific activities of Kickboxing are considered stable.
  - To obtain a confirmed status, the evaluation process must be carried out by two or more classifiers.
- Reviewable (R)
  - When the sorting board assesses that it requires a new evaluation. This category can be granted, for example, when you have a variable deficiency, by this we mean that you can improve or also worsen your abilities.

#### **Classification systems:**

Each sport has its own classification system, in kickboxing a classification has been carried out that will be reviewed annually in order to adapt to the needs detected by our athletes.







# **Categories**

Children (CH))	7,8,9 years
Youngest Cadets (YC)	10, 11, 12 years old
Senior Cadets (OC)	13, 14, 15 years old
Juniors (J)	16, 17, 18 years old
Senior (S)	19 to 40 years old
Veterans (V)	+ 40 years

# **Sports Classes**

Physical or motor:					
Physical disability	DF1	Wheelchair			
		DF11	Lower body involvement		
		DF12	Lower and upper body involvement		
Physical disability	DF2	Hypertonia, short sta deficiency, leg length range of motion defic	eg length deficiency, passive		
	DF21	Ataxia and/or athetosis			
	DF22	Deficiency in muscle power or hypertonia			







DF23 Limb deficiency or amputations  DF231 DF232 Upper Lower  DF24 Short  DF25 Passive Range of Motion  DF3 Cerebral Palsy Hemiplejia Paraplejia Tetraplejia  Displayia				
DF24 Short DF25 Passive Range of Motion  DF3 Cerebral Palsy Hemiplejia Paraplejia Tetraplejia Displayia		DF23	•	
DF25 Passive Range of Motion  DF3 Cerebral Palsy Hemiplejia Paraplejia Tetraplejia Displayia				
DF3 Cerebral Palsy Hemiplejia Paraplejia Tetraplejia Displayia		DF24	Short	
DF3 Cerebral Palsy Hemiplejia Paraplejia Tetraplejia Displayia		DF25 Passive Rang		ange of
Paraplejia Tetraplejia Displayia			Motion	
Tetraplejia Displayia	DF3	DF3 Cerebral Palsy	Hemiplejia	
Displayia			Paraplejia	
•			Tetraplejia	
			Displayia	
Monoplegia			Monoplegia	
The cerebral palsy (CP) category includes the possibility of competing, if necessary, with a support person.		the possibility of competing, if necessary,		

### Visual impairment:

Partially seer (B3)	Visual sharpness from 2/60 to 6/60
	Field of view from 5 to 20 degrees
Partially seer (B2)	Visual acuity from 2/60
	Field of view of less than 5 degrees
Totally or almost totally blind (B1)	They do not perceive lights but in shapes

### Intellectual disability:

Down syndrome (DS)	Mild (L)	IQ between 50-55/70	Individual		
	Moderate (M)	IQ between 50-55/35-40	Individual		Supported
	Record the Deep (G)	IQ <40 Suppo		rted	







Intellectual Disability (ID)	Mild (L)	IQ between 50-55/70	Individual		
	Moderate (M)	IQ between 50-55/35-40	Individual Supported		Supported
	Record the Deep (G)	IQ <40		Suppo	rted

#### Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD):

Autism Spectrum	IQ >75	Individual	
(T)			

\* An athlete who is likely to belong to two categories must choose one of them.

# **Competition Styles**

• Bread the gauntlets:

It is an assault where different types of technical and tactical combinations from Kickboxing are made by hitting the paos or mittens placed by the countermitten.

\* For more information, please refer to the official WAKO rules.







 $\frac{https://www.paralimpicos.es/sites/default/files/inline-}{files/Co%CC%81digo%20Espan%CC%83ol%20de%20Clasificacio%CC%81n%20en%20el%20Deporte}\\ \frac{\%20Parali%CC\%81mpico\%20-.pdf}{}$ 

https://www.paralimpicos.es/sites/default/files/inline-files/GUIA%20SOBRE%20LA%20CLASIFICACI%C3%93N%20DEL%20DEPORTE%20PARALIMPICO%202016.pdf

http://www.feddf.es/index.php

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oOWDiJD7 PQ&ab channel=Paral%C3%ADmpicosTV

https://www.once.es/dejanos-ayudarte/la-discapacidad-visual/concepto-de-ceguera-y-deficienciavisual

https://www.plenainclusion.org/discapacidad-intelectual/discapacidad-intelectual/

https://aspace.org/tipos-de-paralisis-cerebral

https://sid.usal.es/idocs/F8/FDO26230/discap visual.pdf

http://www.feddf.es/seccion/187/clasificaciones-funcionales.html

